# Pathologic Determinants of Recurrence and Survival in Stage II Renal Cell Cancer

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#### Introduction

- Stage II RCC has heterogeneous oncologic outcomes
  - Risk of progression, recurrence, and survival may vary widely
- Objective: Analyze pathologic risk factors associated with oncologic outcomes from Stage II RCC in a multicenter, international cohort

#### Methods

- Retrospective international multicenter analysis of patients who underwent surgical excision of localized stage II renal masses (T2N0M0/AJCC Stage II) from 1987-2015.
- Primary endpoint: recurrence-free survival (RFS)
- Secondary endpoint: overall survival (OS)
- Multivariable analysis (MVA) and Kaplan-Meier Analysis (KMA) were performed

#### Results

- 1,328 patients analyzed
  - Mean age: 59.2 years
  - Median follow-up: 62.7 months
  - 66.4% male, 33.6% female
  - 20% partial nephrectomy, 80% radical nephrectomy
  - Total number of recurrences: 22.3% (296)

• No significant difference in age, gender, comorbidities



# Preoperative Tumor Characteristics

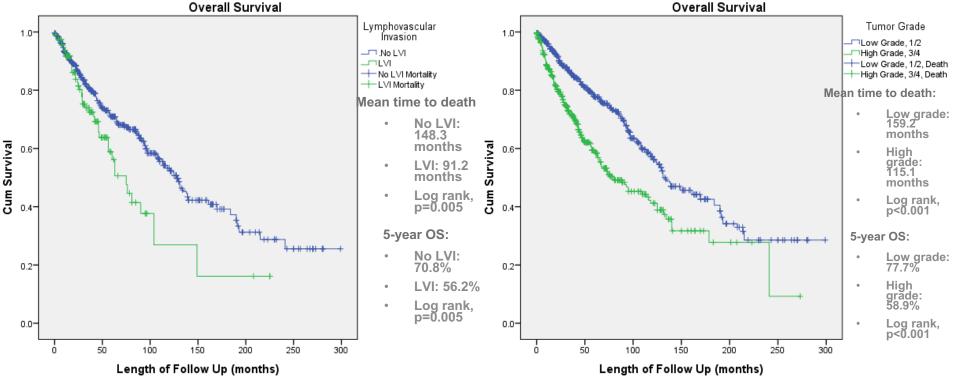
Variable	Recurrence	No Recurrence	p-value
Clinic Tumor Size	9.9 ± 2.6	10.0 ± 2.7	0.388
Surgical Approach			<0.001
RN	259 (87.5%)	804 (77.9%)	
PN	37 (12.5%)	228 (22.1%)	

## Pathologic Details

Variable	Recurrence (n=296)	No Recurrence (n=1032)	p-value	
pTumor Size	10.2 ± 3.2	$9.4 \pm 2.8$	<0.001	
Fuhrman Grade			<0.001	
Low (1&2)	42.9%	61.6%		
High (3&4)	57.1%	⇒ 38.4%		
Necrosis	41.8%	38.4%	0.377	
LVI	27.7%	14.4%	<0.001	
Positive Margin	7.1%	1.6%	<0.001	
All-Cause Mortality	72.9%	21.8%	<0.001	
Length of Follow Up (months)	52.0 ± 46.8	66.1 ± 58.2	<0.001	

Logistic Regression for Recurrence							
OR	95%CI Low	95%Cl High	sig				
.999	.894	1.117	.990				
4.682	1.455	15.066	.010				
.999	.541	1.845	.998				
.983	.935	1.033	.502				
2.353	1.451	3.815	.001				
.917	.556	1.514	.736				
2.034	1.131	3.657	.018				
2.67	2.165	3.215	.012				
Logistic Regression for All-Cause Mortality							
n for All-Cau	use Mortality						
or All-Car	use Mortality 95%Cl Low	95%CI High	sig				
		95%CI High 1.053	sig .429				
OR	95%CI Low		•				
OR .966	95%CI Low .885	1.053	.429				
OR .966 4.158	95%CI Low .885 1.828	1.053 9.457	.429				
OR .966 <b>4.158</b> 1.417	95%CI Low .885 1.828 .893	1.053 9.457 2.247	.429 .001 .139				
OR .966 <b>4.158</b> 1.417 .991	95%CI Low .885 1.828 .893 .957	1.053 9.457 2.247 1.027	.429 .001 .139 .623				
OR .966 4.158 1.417 .991 1.224	95%CI Low .885 1.828 .893 .957 .852	1.053 9.457 2.247 1.027 1.758	.429 .001 .139 .623 .274				
	OR .999 4.682 .999 .983 2.353 .917 2.034	OR95%Cl Low.999.8944.6821.455.999.541.983.9352.3531.451.917.5562.0341.131	OR95%Cl Low95%Cl High.999.8941.1174.6821.45515.066.999.5411.845.983.9351.0332.3531.4513.815.917.5561.5142.0341.1313.657				

## Results



### Conclusions

- For stage II RCC, LVI and Tumor Grade 3/4 are independently associated with increased recurrence and worse overall survival
- Further investigation is requisite and may add weight to consider these specific stage II RCC patients as a higher risk subgroup with implications for staging revision and clinical trial design.

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