

A Uniquely Human Mechanism Regulating the Inflammatory Response to Injury

Todd Costantini, MD, FACS

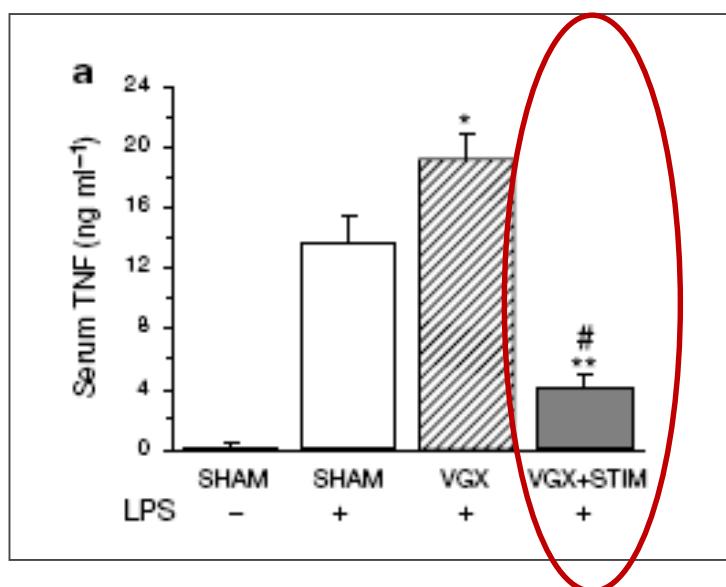
Division of Trauma, Surgical Critical Care, Burns and Acute Care Surgery
UC San Diego Health

* No Disclosures

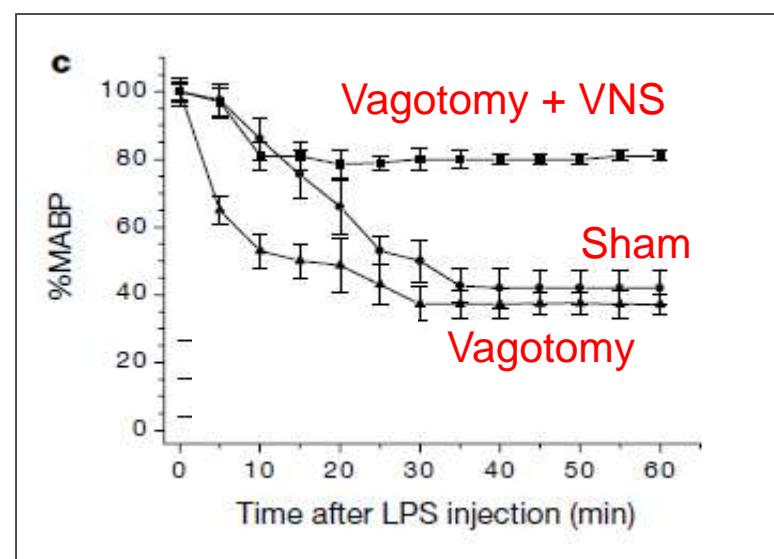
Vagus nerve stimulation attenuates the systemic inflammatory response to endotoxin

Lyudmila V. Borovikova*, Svetlana Ivanova*, Minghuang Zhang*,
Huan Yang*, Galina I. Botchkina*, Linda R. Watkins†, Haichao Wang‡,
Naji Abumrad§, John W. Eaton¶ & Kevin J. Tracey§

Serum TNF- α



Development of Shock (Mean Arterial BP)



Vagal nerve stimulation protects against burn-induced intestinal injury through activation of enteric glia cells

Todd W. Costantini,¹ Vishal Bansal,¹ Michael Krzyzaniak,¹ James G. Putnam,¹ Carrie Y. Peterson,¹ William H. Loomis,¹ Paul Wolf,² Andrew Baird,¹ Brian P. Eliceiri,¹ and Raul Coimbra¹

Targeting α -7 Nicotinic Acetylcholine Receptor in the Enteric Nervous System

A Cholinergic Agonist Prevents Gut Barrier Failure after Severe Burn Injury

Todd W. Costantini, Michael Krzyzaniak, Gerald A. Cheadle, James G. Putnam, Ann-Marie Hageny, Nicole Lopez, Brian P. Eliceiri, Vishal Bansal, and Raul Coimbra

A pharmacologic approach to vagal nerve stimulation prevents mesenteric lymph toxicity after hemorrhagic shock

Koji Morishita, MD, Todd W. Costantini, MD, Akinori Ueno, PhD, Vishal Bansal, MD, Brian Eliceiri, PhD, and Raul Coimbra, MD, PhD, San Diego, California

Costantini, et al. Am J Physiol-GI Liver Physiol. 2010;299:G1308-18

Costantini, et al. Am J Pathol. 2012;181:478-486

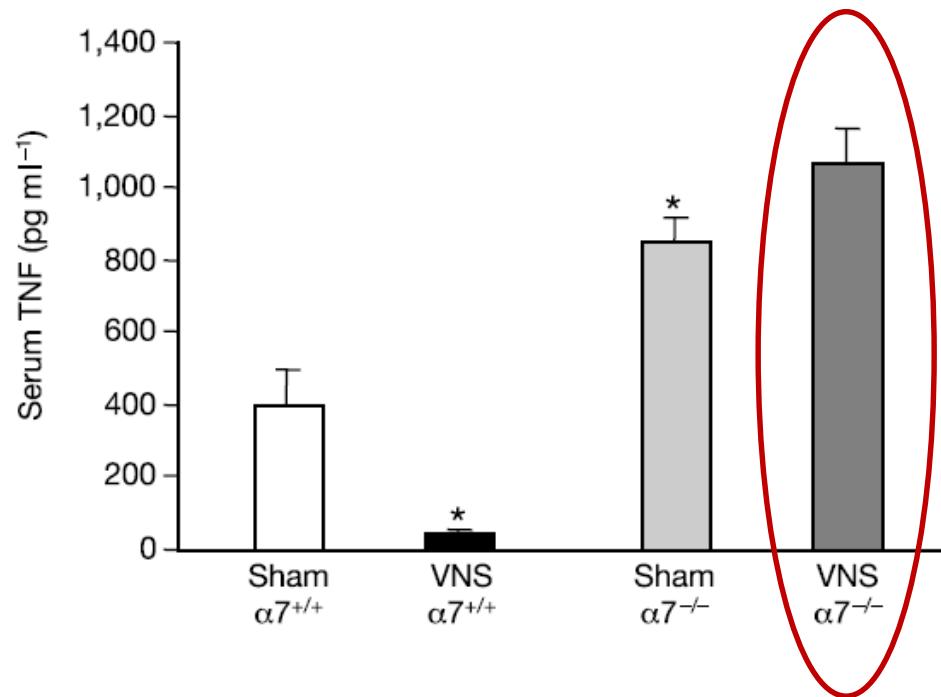
Morishita et al. J Trauma Acute Care Surg. 2015;78:52-59

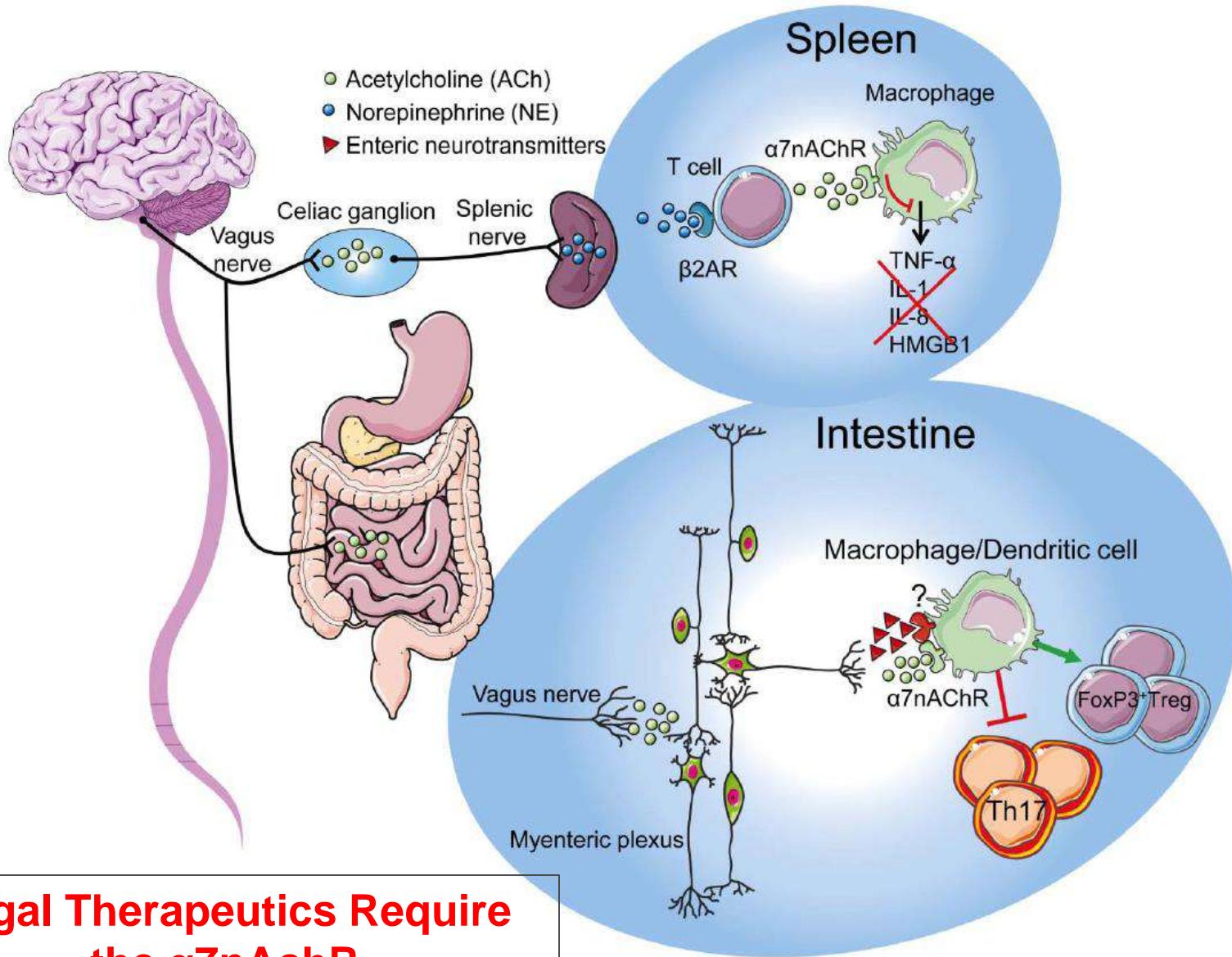
UC San Diego Health

**Nicotinic acetylcholine receptor
α7 subunit is an essential
regulator of inflammation**

Hong Wang*, Man Yu*, Mahendar Ochani*, Carol Ann Amella*,
Mahira Tanovic*, Seenu Susarla*, Jian Hua Li*, Haichao Wang*,
Huan Yang*, Luis Ulloa*, Yousef Al-Abed†, Christopher J. Czura* &
Kevin J. Tracey*

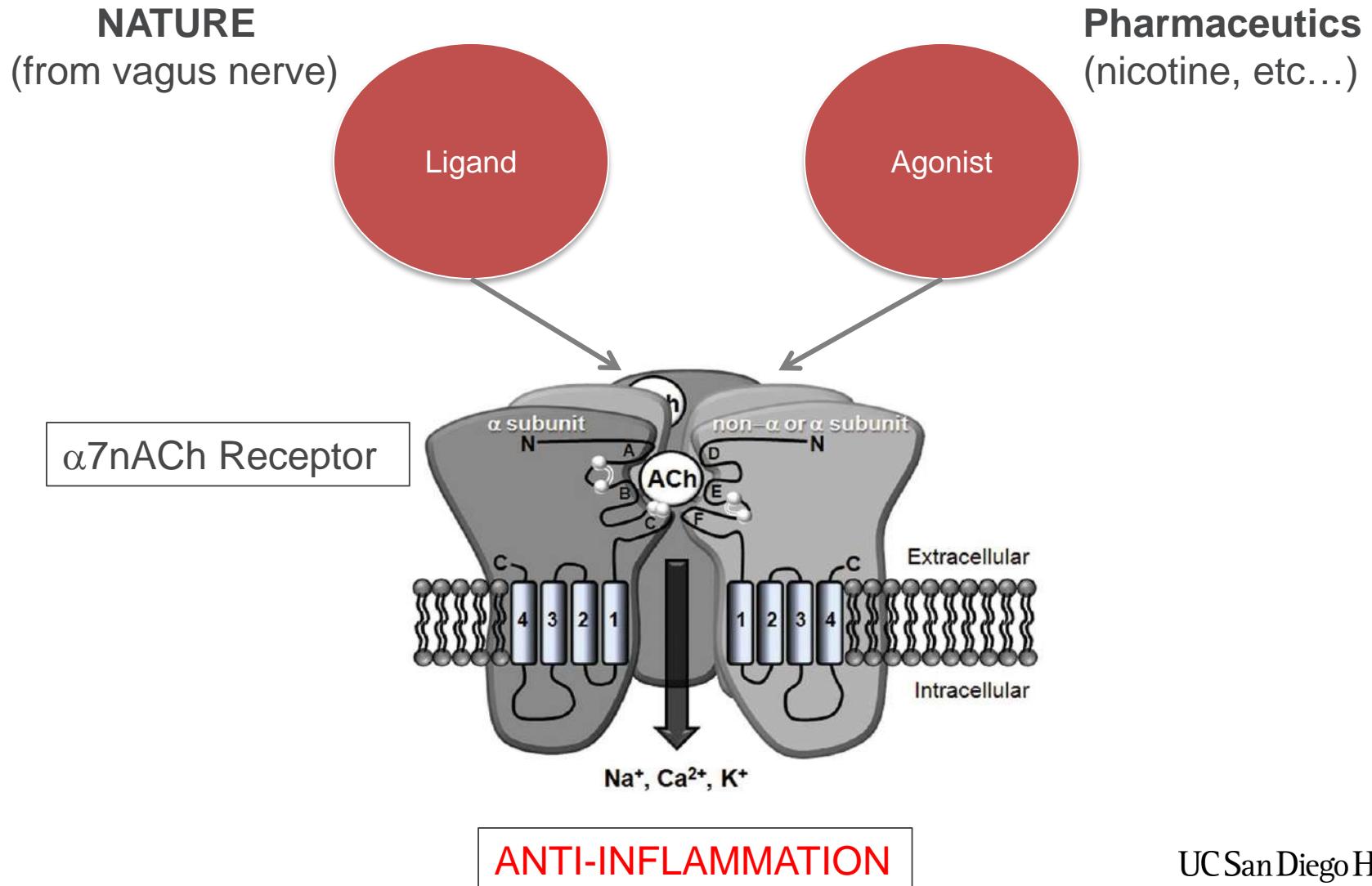
Alpha-7 nAChR Gene Knock Out Eliminates Vagal Responsiveness





**Vagal Therapeutics Require
the $\alpha 7nAChR$**

Delivery of Ligands to Mimic the Natural Biology of α 7nAChR



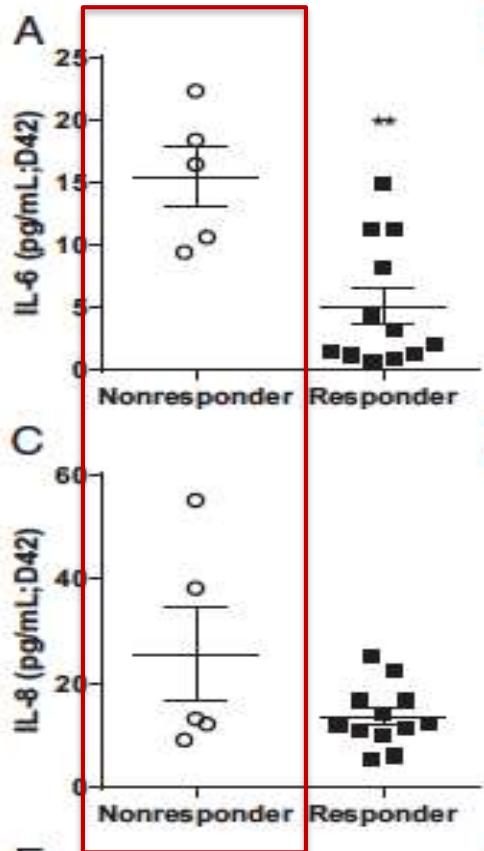
Vagal Agonists Have Had Limited Effectiveness in Human Trials Thus Far...

Vagus nerve stimulation inhibits cytokine production and attenuates disease severity in rheumatoid arthritis

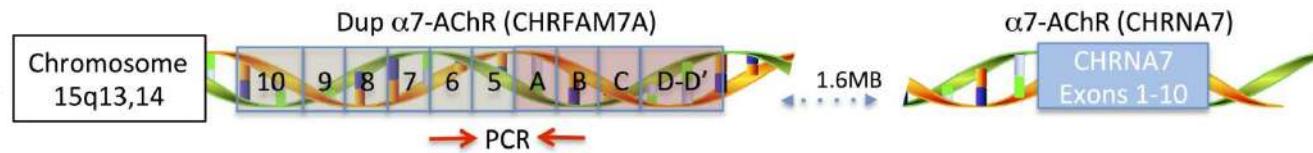
Frieda A. Koopman^a, Sangeeta S. Chavan^b, Sanda Miljko^c, Simeon Grazio^d, Sekib Sokolovic^e, P. Richard Schuurman^f, Ashesh D. Mehta^g, Yaakov A. Levine^h, Michael Falty^h, Ralph Zitnik^h, Kevin J. Tracey^b, and Paul P. Tak^{a,12,3,4}

^aAmsterdam Rheumatology and Immunology Center, Department of Clinical Immunology and Rheumatology, Academic Medical Center, University of Amsterdam, 1105 AZ Amsterdam, The Netherlands; ^bLaboratory of Biomedical Science, Feinstein Institute for Medical Research, Manhasset, NY 11030;

^cUniversity Clinical Hospital, Mostar 88000, Bosnia and Herzegovina; ^dClinical Hospital Center Sestre Milosrdnice, Zagreb 10000, Croatia; ^eSarajevo University Clinical Center, Sarajevo 71000, Bosnia and Herzegovina; ^fDepartment of Neurosurgery, Academic Medical Center, University of Amsterdam, 1105 AZ Amsterdam, The Netherlands; ^gDepartment of Neurosurgery, Hofstra Northwell School of Medicine, Manhasset, NY 11030; and ^hSetPoint Medical Corporation, Valencia, CA91355

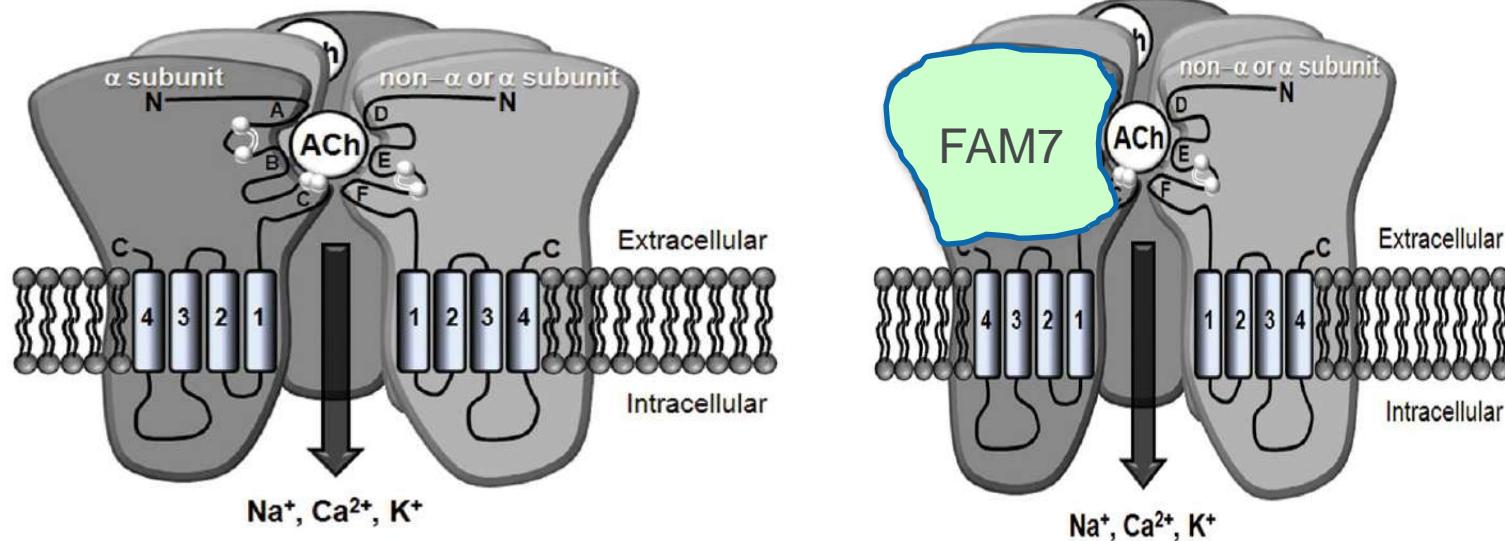


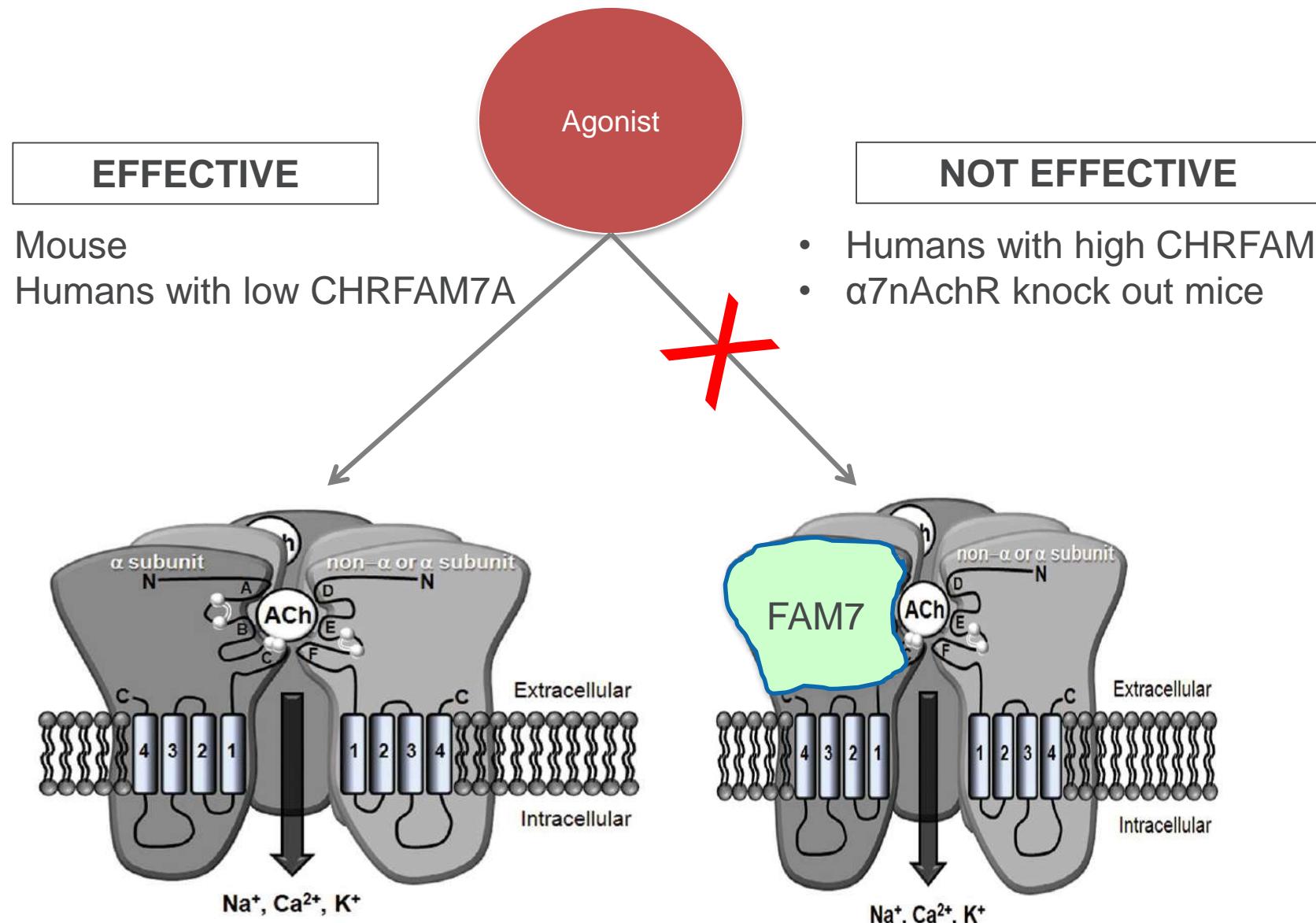
Does the Uniquely Human Gene CHRFAM7A Regulate a Human Response to Injury?



CHRFAM7A, a human-specific and partially duplicated $\alpha 7$ -nicotinic acetylcholine receptor gene with the potential to specify a human-specific inflammatory response to injury

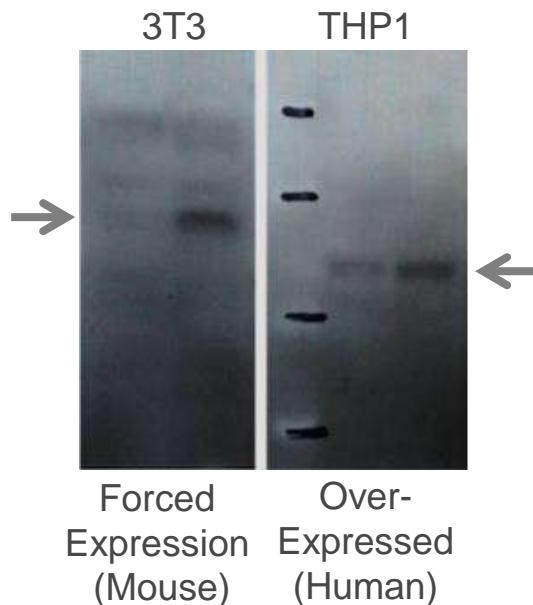
Todd W. Costantini, Xitong Dang, Raul Coimbra, Brian P. Eliceiri, and Andrew Baird¹



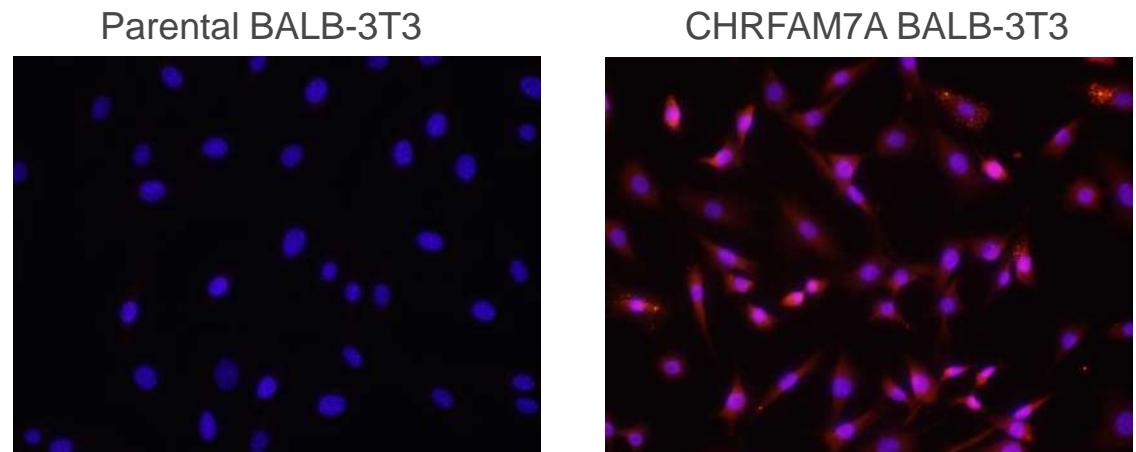


CHRFAM7A is a Uniquely Human Open Reading Frame that Produces Protein

A. anti-CHRFAM7A peptide
Immunoblotting

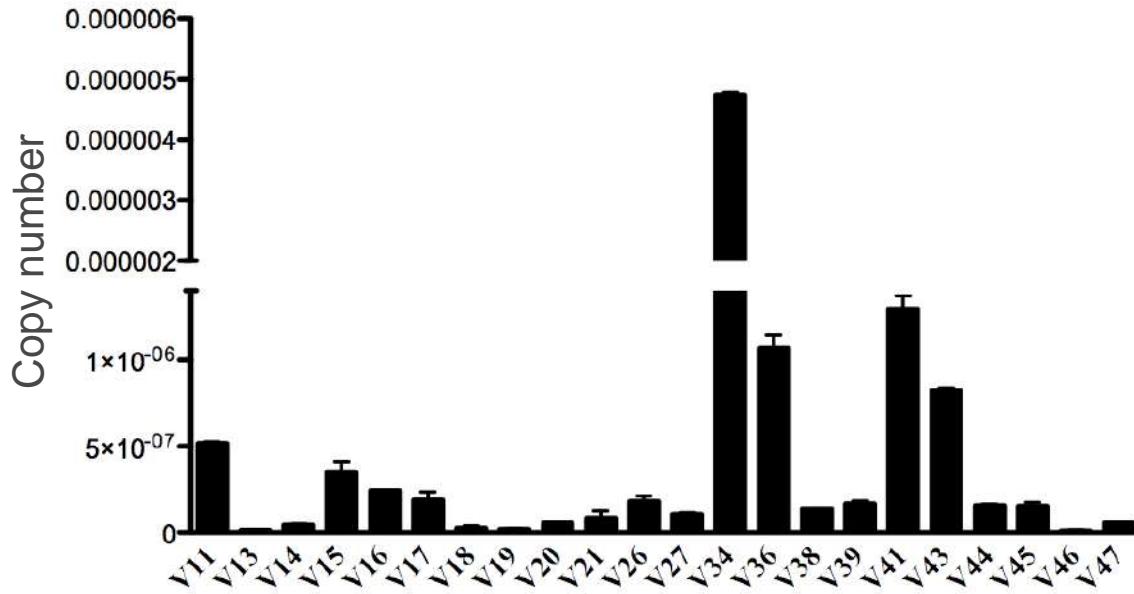


B. anti-CHRFAM7A peptide
Immunostaining

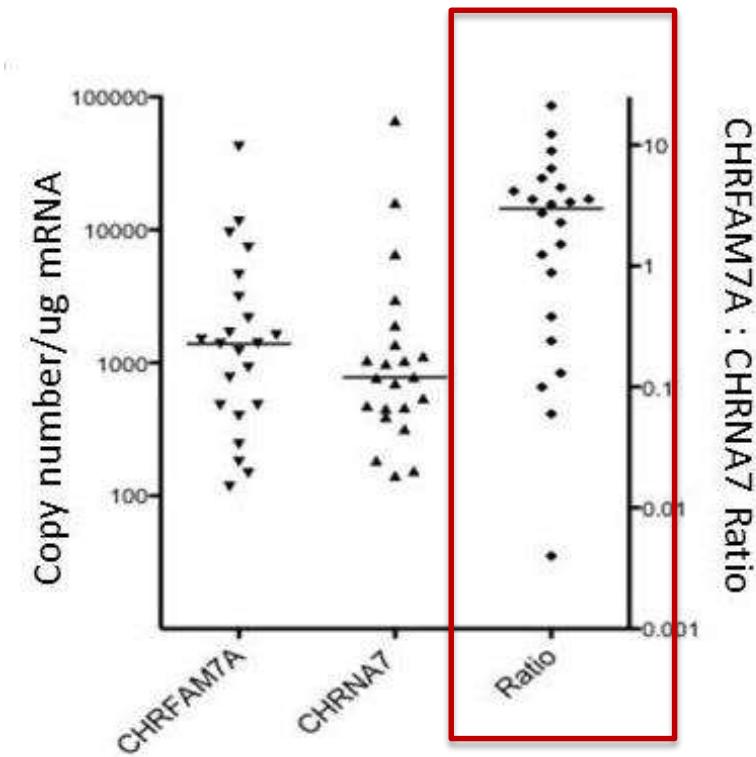


CHRFAM7A Expression is Variable in Donor Leukocytes

200-fold Differences in CHRFAM7A Expression
Between Normal Human Leukocyte Donors



CHRFAM7A to CHRNA7 Expression Ratio in Human Leukocytes

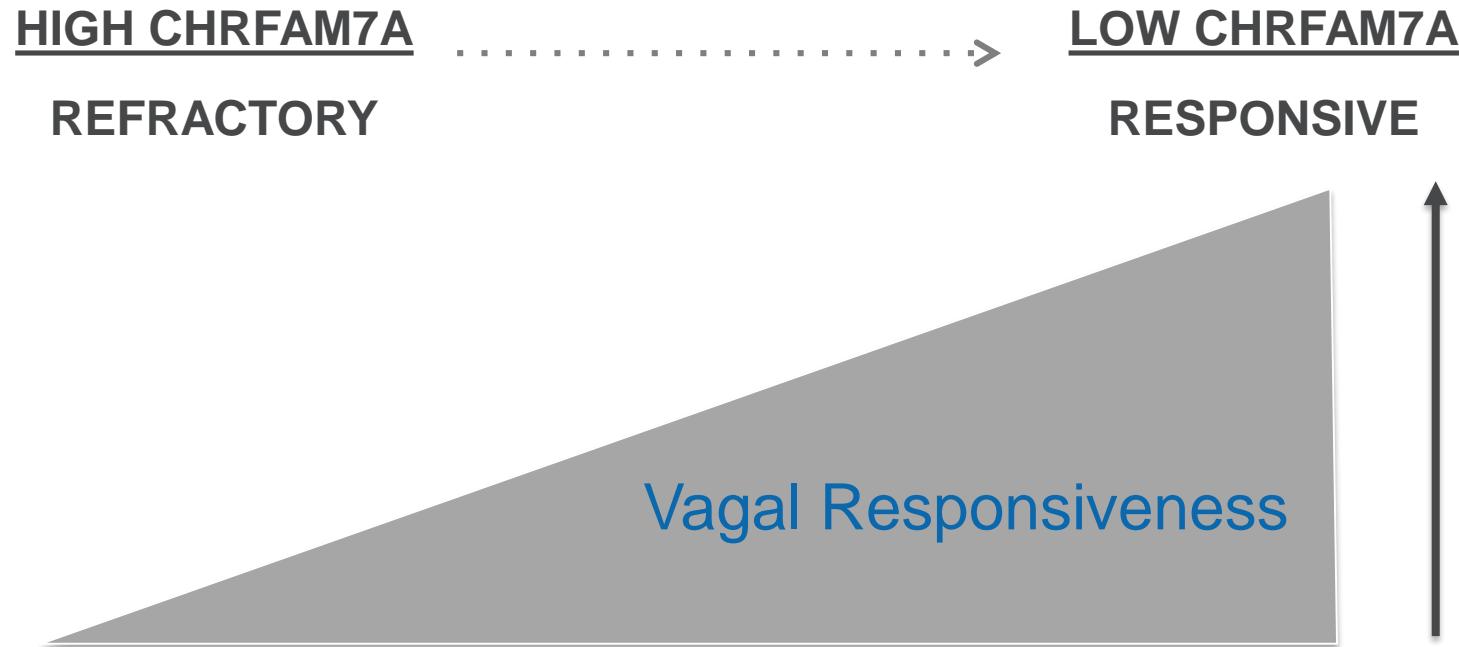


Up to ***10,000-fold*** Differences in
CHRFAM7A/CHRNA7 Ratio
Between Normal Human
Leukocyte Donors

Hypothesis:

**CHRFAM7A contributes to human variability in
the inflammatory response and modulates the
response to vagal therapeutics**

CHRFAM7A: Modulator of Human Vagal Responsiveness?

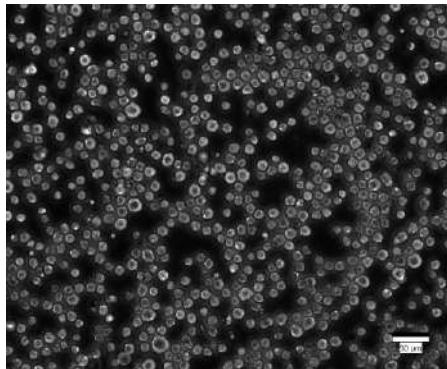


Does CHRFAM7A have Biologic Activity?

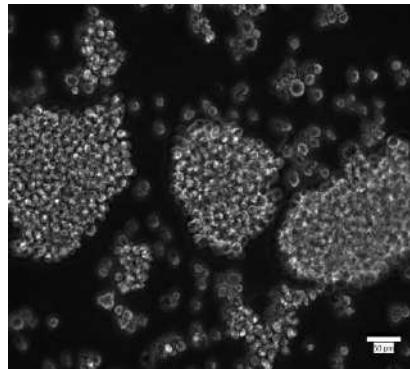
A Human-Specific $\alpha 7$ -Nicotinic Acetylcholine Receptor Gene in Human Leukocytes: Identification, Regulation and the Consequences of *CHRFAM7A* Expression

Todd W Costantini,^{1*} Xitong Dang,^{1,2*} Maryana V Yurchyshyna,¹ Raul Coimbra,¹ Brian P Eliceiri,¹ and Andrew Baird¹

Vector THP1



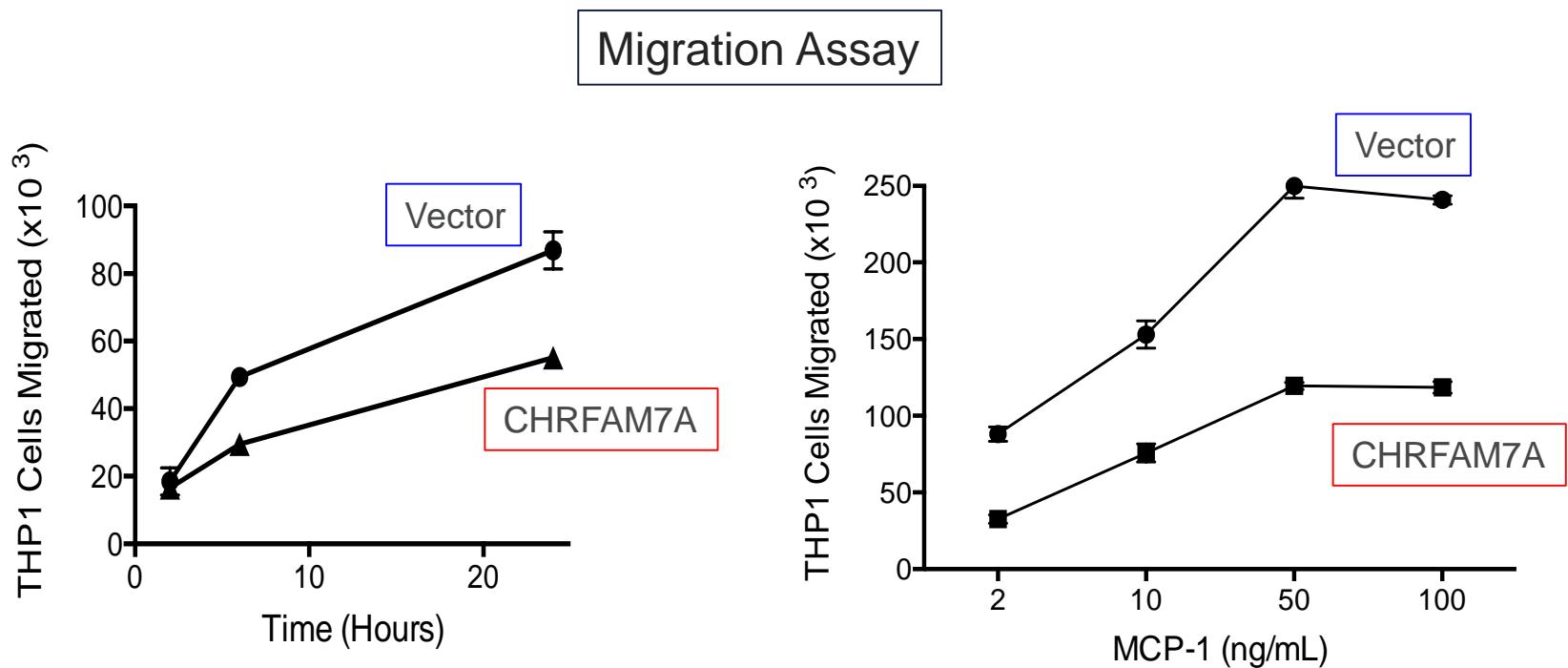
THP1-CHRFAM7A



Pathways altered by CHRFAM7A gene expression

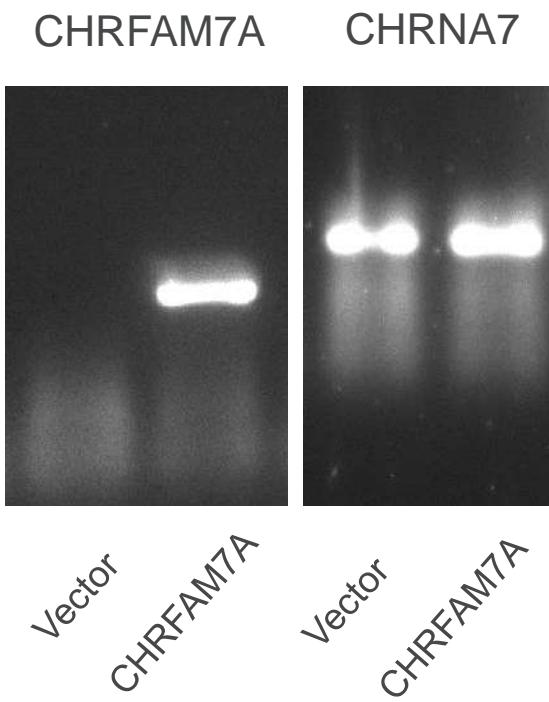
Enriched Pathways	P-value
TGF-beta signaling pathway	2.76E-002
Insulin signaling pathway	2.23E-002
Leukocyte transendothelial migration	1.78E-002
RIG-I-like receptor signaling pathway	1.78E-002
Osteoclast differentiation	1.74E-002
Cytokine-cytokine receptor interaction	1.64E-002

CHRFAM7A Over-expression Decreases Leukocyte Migration

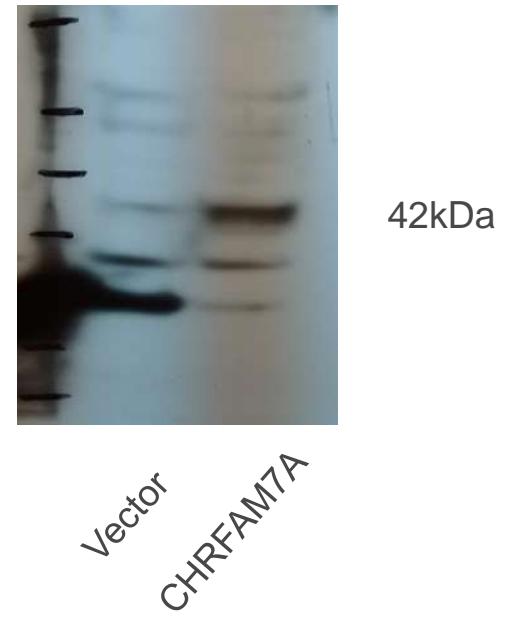


CHRFAM7A introduced into PC12 cells

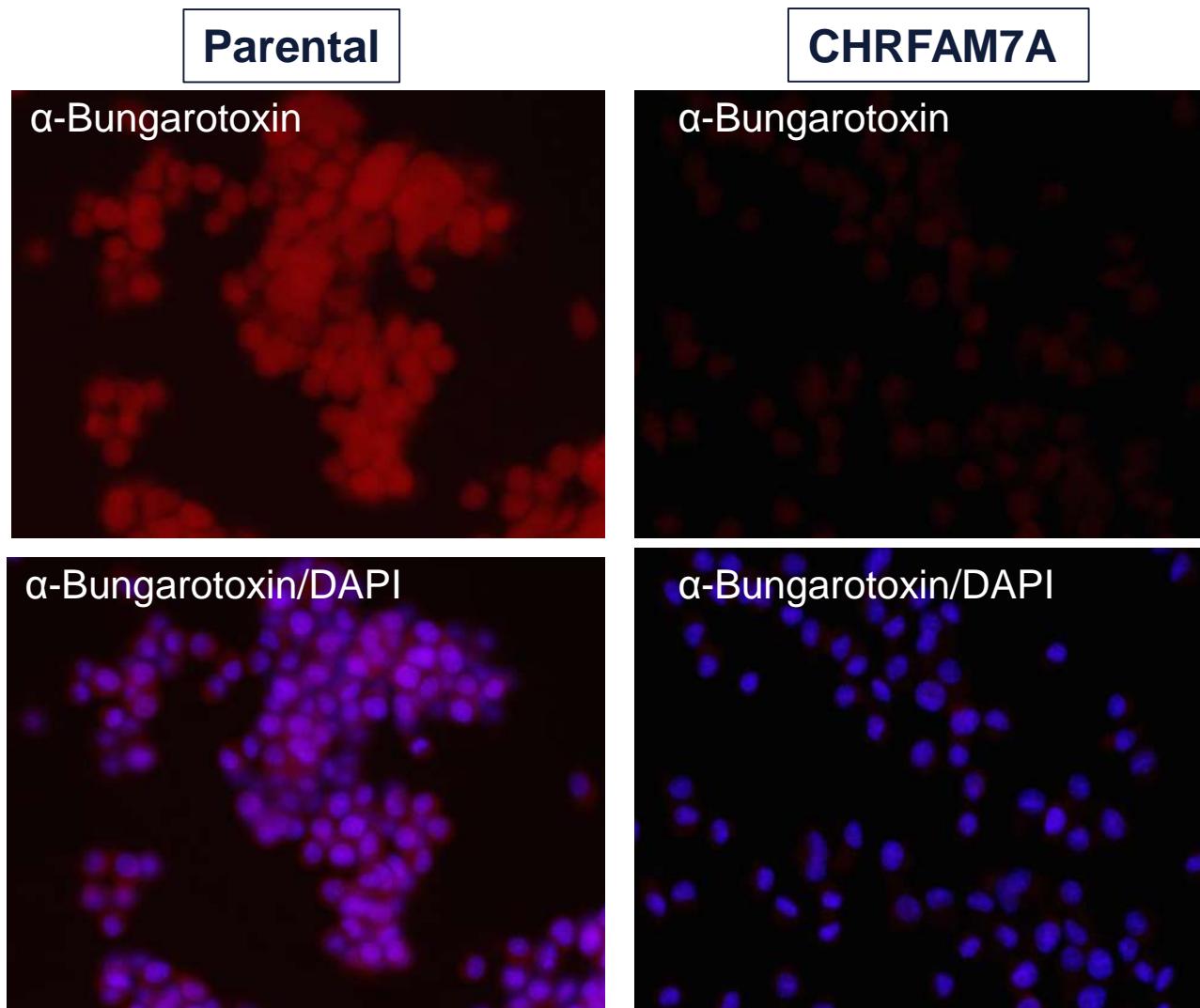
PCR



Immunoblot



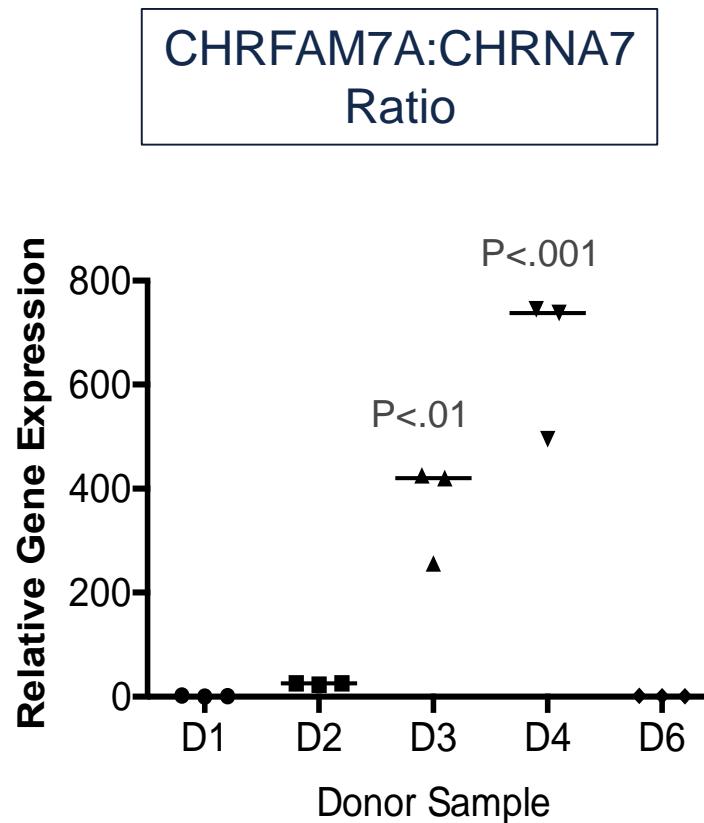
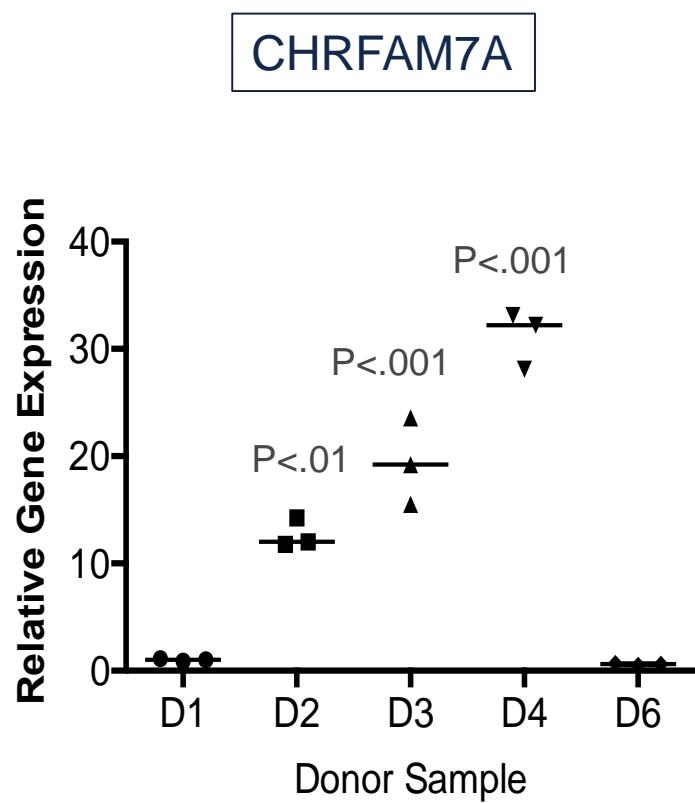
CHRFAM7A decreases ligand binding to the a7nAchR



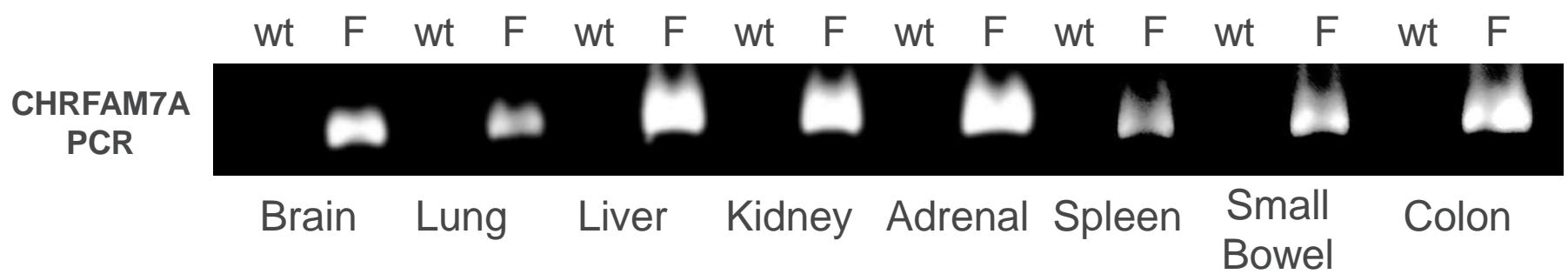
40x; exposure 1/3 sec

UC San Diego Health

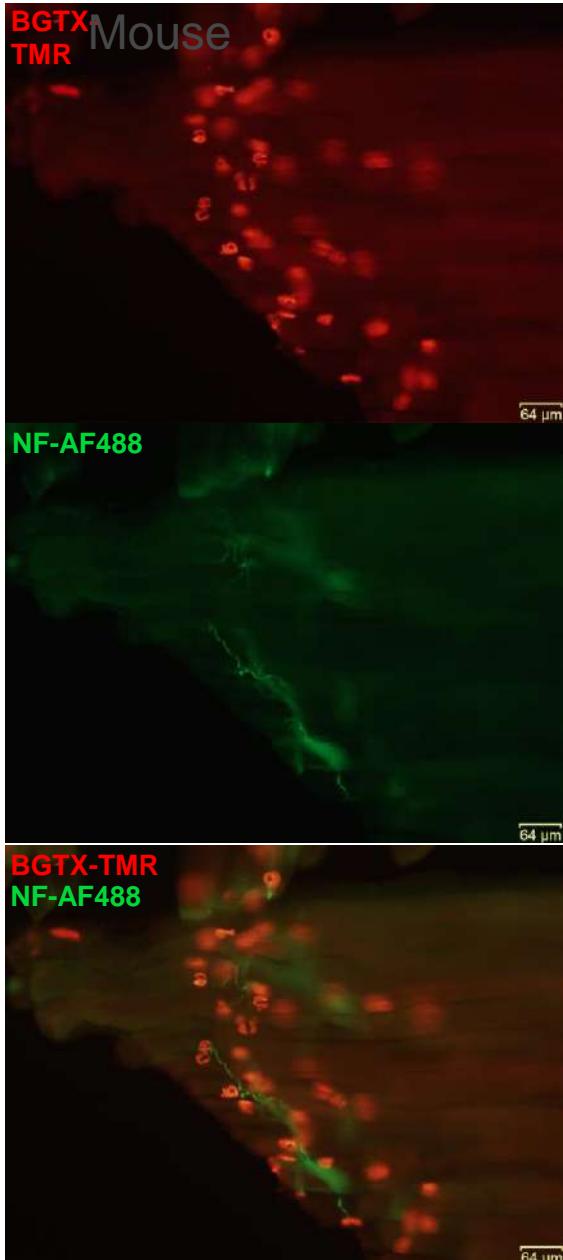
CHRFAM7A Gene Expression is Variable in Human Macrophages



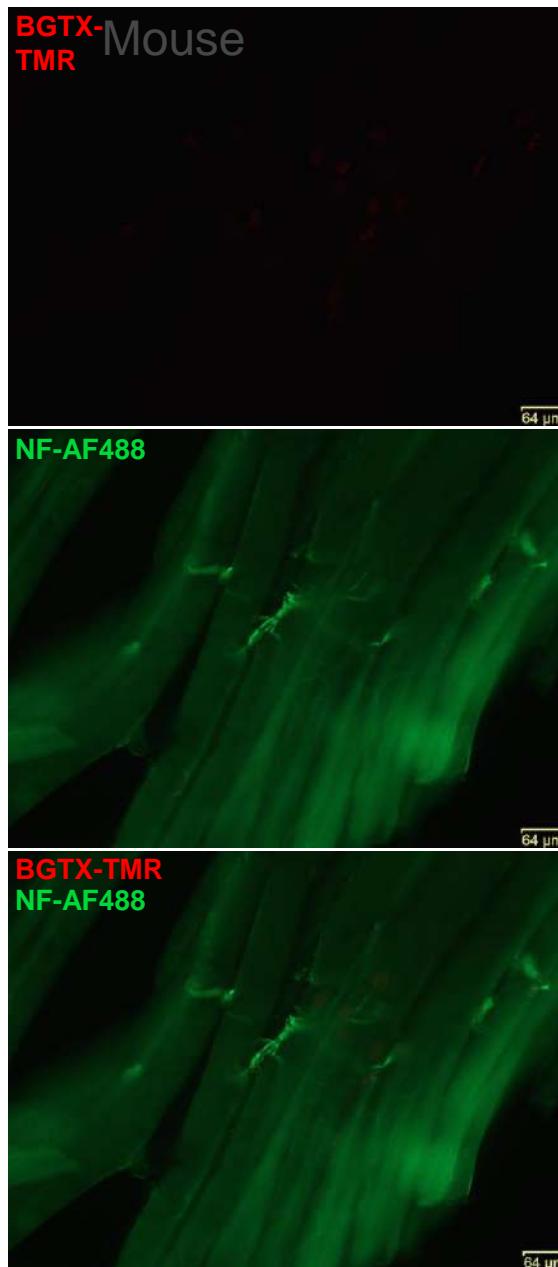
CHRFAM7A Transgenic Mice



WT C57/BL6



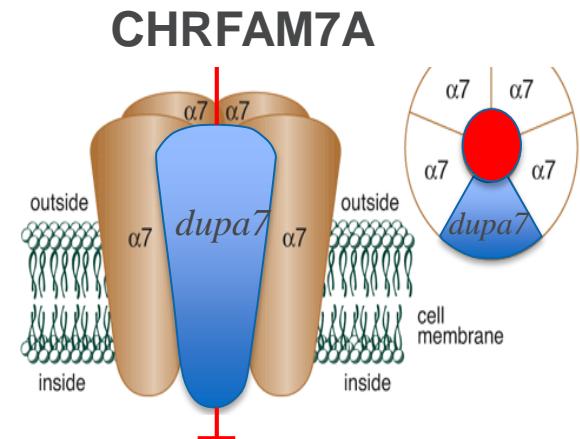
CHRFAM7A



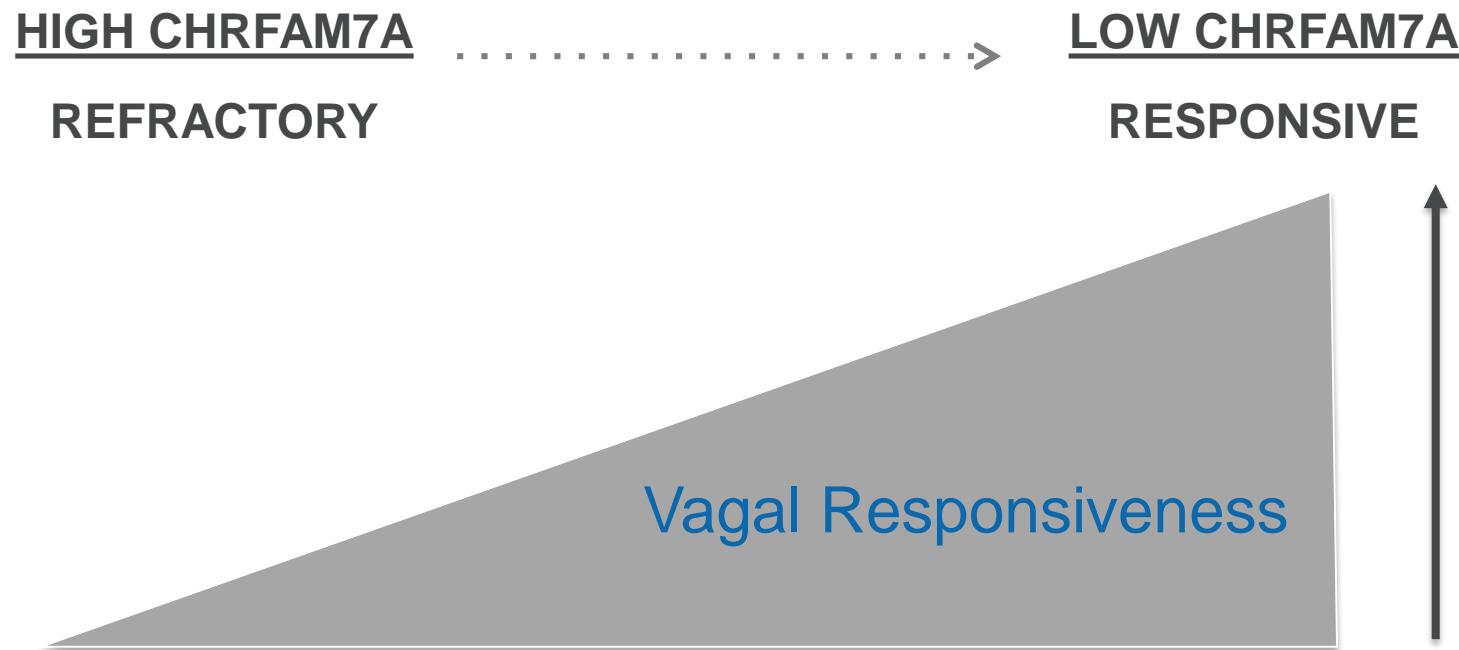
UC San Diego Health

CHRFAM7A: Modulator of Human Vagal Responsiveness

- CHRFAM7A decreases binding to the $\alpha 7$ nAchR
- CHRFAM7A expression levels vary widely between individuals
- CHRFAM7A is biologically active in macrophages
- CHRFAM7A alters macrophage gene expression in pathways related to inflammation and the immune response
- CHRFAM7A expression modulates the human anti-inflammatory reflex



CHRFAM7A: Modulator of Human Vagal Responsiveness?



UC San Diego Division of Trauma, Surgical Critical Care, Burns and Acute Care Surgery

Research Team:

- Andrew Baird, PhD
- Brian Eliceiri, PhD
- Raul Coimbra, MD, PhD
- Theresa Chan, MD
- Elliot Williams, MD
- Simone Langness, MD
- Emelie Amburn
- Olga Cohen
- Ann-Marie Hageny

Research Support:

- NIH 1R01GM121530: The Human-Specific Gene CHRFAM7A in Leukocytes



Prior Research Support:

- American Surgical Association Foundation Research Fellowship
- American College of Surgeons C. James Carrico Faculty Research Fellowship
- American Association for the Surgery of Trauma Faculty Scholarship Award

UC San Diego Health